DEGREE PROGRAMS

For the Bachelor of Arts

Core requirements (24-25 units)
- CS 010, MATH 009A, MATH 009B, MATH 009C, MATH 010A
- 4 additional units of MATH 031

Upper-division requirements (36 units)
36 units of upper-division coursework
- STAT 147, STAT 157, STAT 160A, STAT 160B, STAT 160C, STAT 170A, STAT 170B, STAT 171
- 4 units of STAT 183 taken at the end of senior year

For the Bachelor of Science

Core requirements (24-25 units)
- CS 010, MATH 009A, MATH 009B, MATH 009C, MATH 010A
- 4 additional units of MATH 031

Upper-division requirements (52 units)
36 units of upper-division coursework
- STAT 147, STAT 157, STAT 160A, STAT 160B, STAT 160C, STAT 170A, STAT 170B, STAT 171
- 4 units of STAT 183 taken at the end of senior year
16 units of additional coursework chosen, with the approval of the major advisor, from STAT/BUS 104, STAT 127/BUS 127, STAT 130, STAT 140, STAT 146, STAT 161, or from related fields

Notes
- An introductory Statistics class such as STAT 048 or STAT 100A is strongly recommended
- The department also offers a B.S. in Statistics with a Statistical Computing Option and a B.S. in Statistics with a Quantitative Management Option. See the UCR General Catalog for more information on the requirements for these two options.

HIGHLANDER STATISTICS SOCIETY

The Highlander Statistics Society was founded to form unity and friendship among undergraduate and graduate students in statistics and those interested in statistics, to promote scholarship and interest in statistics, and to inform people of opportunities and challenges in the field. For additional information, contact HighlanderStatisticsSociety@gmail.com.

ADVISING

Current course requirements are available online in the UCR General Catalog at www.catalog.ucr.edu. For help in selecting courses, and for information about policies and procedures, contact:
Professional Academic Advisor Javier Ramirez
CNAS Undergraduate Academic Advising Center
1223 Pierce Hall
Email: javier.ramirez@ucr.edu
Phone: (951) 827-7288

For advice about careers, graduate programs, and letters of recommendation, contact:
Undergraduate Faculty Advisor Dr. Jun Li
Department of Statistics
Email: jun.li@ucr.edu
Phone: (951) 827-3787
statistics.ucr.edu
Statistics at the University of California, Riverside

ABOUT STATISTICS
Statistics deals with the problem of making inductive inferences in the face of uncertainty. It provides the reasoning and the methods for producing and understanding data. It is learning from data and includes collecting, organizing, analyzing, and interpreting results. Statisticians identify patterns in data to understand them and make decisions in business and industry and in the biological, physical, psychological, and social sciences. Statisticians provide the methodology for making important advances in medical and other scientific research arenas, and work at various tasks such as market research, opinion polling, survey management, data analysis, designing statistical experiments, and teaching statistical techniques and theories.

Computing and Quantitative Management. Students have unusually free access to the faculty, many of whom have received national and international recognition for their work.

The degree programs offer students opportunities to diversify their study to include research areas in a variety of academic disciplines. The Statistical Consulting Collaboratory provides faculty and students a rich environment for collaboration in research and instruction, emphasizing statistical/quantitative approaches. The faculty serves the academic community in many roles—as editors of major academic publications, as authors of major textbooks and research monographs, and as consultants to business, government, and international organizations.

ABOUT THE DEPARTMENT
The Department of Statistics has a reputation for outstanding teaching, research, and consulting services. The undergraduate program offers B.A. and B.S. degrees with options in Statistical

CAREER PATHS

Medical teams to design the experiments and analyze the resulting data.

Environment: Studies of the environment require data on the abundance and location of plants and animals, on the spread of pollution from its sources, and on the possible effects of changes in human activities.

Industry: The future of many industries depends on improvement in the quality of goods and services and in the efficiency with which they are produced and delivered.

Government: What do we export to China, and what do we import? Are rates of violent crime increasing or decreasing? Government wants data on issues like these to guide policy.

Marketing: Are consumer tastes in television programs changing? What are promising locations for a new retail outlet? Statisticians design the elaborate surveys that gather data for both public and private use.